Class X - Biology - Syllabus

1. Nutrition – The food supplying system.

- 1.1. Auto tropic nutrition
- 1.2. Photo synthesis
- 1.2.1. Presence of starch in leaves
- 1.2.2. Materials essential for the process of photo synthesis (water, air, CO₂, light)
- 1.2.3. Oxygen is produced during photo synthesis in the presence of light.
- 1.2.4. Sun light is necessary to form starch in green plants.
- 1.2.5. Chlorophyll and photo synthesis
- 1.2.6. Where does photo synthesis takes place?
- 1.2.7. Mechanism of photo synthesis.
 - light dependent reaction.
 - light independent reaction.
- 1.3. Hetero tropic nutrition.
- 1.3.1. How do organisms obtained their nutrition?
- 1.3.2. Parasitic nutrition in Cuscuta.
- 1.4. Nutrition in human beings.
 - passage of food through alimentary canal.
 - action of saliva on wheat flour.
 - studying enzymes.
 - flow chart of human digestive system.
- 1.5. Health aspects of alimentary canal.
- 1.6. Food deficiency diseases.
 - Kwashiorkor.
 - Marasmus.
 - Obesity.
- 1.6.1. Vitamin deficiency diseases.

2. Respiration – The energy releasing system

- 2.1. Discovery of gases and respiration.
- 2.1.1. Evens in respiration.

- 2.1.2. Breathing.
- 2.1.3. Path way of air.
- 2.1.4. Epiglottis and passage of air.
- 2.2. Mechanism of respiration in human beings.
- 2.2.1. Gaseous exchange (alveoli to capillaries)
- 2.2.2. Transportation of gases.
- 2.2.3. Gaseous exchange (capillaries to cells and back)
- 2.3. Cellular respiration.
- 2.3.1. Can energy be released without oxygen?
- 2.3.2. Anaerobic respiration.
- 2.3.3. Some experiments with yeast (fermentation).
- 2.4. Respiration Vs Combustion.
 - observing changes during combustion of sugar.
 - heat production by living organisms.
- 2.5. Evolution in gaseous exchange system.
- 2.6. Respiration in plants.
- 2.6.1. Conduction within the plants.
- 2.6.2. Aeration or roots.
- 2.6.3. Photo synthesis Vs Respiration.

3. Transpiration – The circulatory system

- 3.1. Internal structure of heart.
- 3.1.1. Blood vessels and circulation.
 - arteries and veins.
 - blood capillaries.
- 3.2. Cardiac cycle.
- 3.2.1. Single and double circulation.
- 3.3. Lymphatic system.
- 3.4. Evolution of transport system.
- 3.5. Blood pressure.
- 3.6. Coagulation of blood.
- 3.7. How materials transport within the plant?

- 3.7.1. How is water observed?
- 3.7.2. Absorption of root hairs.
- 3.7.3. Root pressure.
- 3.7.4. The mechanism by which the water travels through the plant.
- 3.7.5. Transport of mineral salts.
- 3.7.6. Transport of manufactured food.

4. Excretion – The wastage disposing system.

- 4.1. Excretion in human beings.
- 4.2. Excretory system in human beings.
- 4.2.1. Kidneys.
- 4.2.2. Internal structure of the kidney.
- 4.3. Structure of nephron.
 - malphigian body
 - renal tubule
- 4.4. Mechanism of urine formation.
 - gloumerular filtration.
 - tubular re-absorption.
 - tubular secretion.
 - concentration of urine.
- 4.4.1. Ureters.
- 4.4.2. Urinary bladder.
- 4.4.3. Urethra.
- 4.4.4. Micturation.
- 4.4.5. Composition of urine.
- 4.5. Dialysis (artificial kidney).
- 4.5.1. Kidney transplantation.
- 4.6. Other path ways of excretion (lungs, skin, lever, intestine).
- 4.7. Excretion in other organisms.
- 4.8. Excretion and release of substance in plants.
- 4.8.1. Alkaloids.
- 4.8.2. Tannins.

- 4.8.3. Resins.
- 4.8.4. Gums.
- 4.8.5. Latex.
- 4.9. Excretion Vs Secretion.

5. Coordination – The linking system

- 5.1. Responding to stimuli.
- 5.2. Integrating path ways nervous coordination.
- 5.3. Structure of nerve cells.
- 5.4. Path ways from stimulus to response.
- 5.4.1. Afferent neurons.
- 5.4.2. Efferent neurons.
- 5.4.3. Associative neurons.
- 5.5. Knee jerk reflex.
- 5.5.1. The reflex arc.
- 5.6. Central Nervous System (CNS).
 - brain
 - spinal cord
- 5.7. Peripheral Nervous System (PNS).
- 5.8. Coordination without nerves.
- 5.8.1. The story of insulation.
- 5.8.2. Chemical coordinators.
- 5.8.3. Feedback mechanism.
- 5.9. Autonomous Nervous System (ANS).
- 5.10. Control mechanisms in plants.
- 5.10.1. How do plants respond to stimuli?
- 5.10.2. Tropic and nastic movements in plants.

6. Reproduction – The generating system.

- 6.1. Formation of bacterial colony in milk.
- 6.2. Asexual mode of reproduction.
- 6.2.1. Fission, budding, fragmentation, para thermo genesis, regimentation.

6.2.2. Vegetable propagation.

Natural propagation – leaves, stems, stolons, roots.

Artificial propagation – cutting, layering, garbling.

6.2.3. Spore formation.

- sporophyll
- 6.3. Sexual reproduction.
- 6.3.1. Reproduction in placentas mammal man.
- 6.3.2. Male reproductive system.
- 6.3.3. Female reproductive system.
- 6.3.4. Birth.
- 6.4. Sexual reproduction in plants.
- 6.4.1. Flower The productive part.
- 6.4.2. Observation of poken grain.
- 6.4.4. Seed germination.
- 6.5. Cell division and continuation of life.
- 6.5.1. Cell division in human beings.
- 6.5.2. Cell cycle athlete G1 phase, G2 phase, M phase.
- 6.5.3. Different stages of mitotic cell division.
- 6.5.4. Process of meiosis.
- 6.6. Reproductive health.
- 6.6.1. Birth control methods.
- 6.6.2. Fighting against social ills.
- 6.6.3. Teenage motherhood, stop female foeticide.

7. Coordination in Life processes

- 7.1. Feeling hungry.
- 7.1.1. Outcome of sensation of hunger.
- 7.2. Taste and smell are closely related.
- 7.2.1. Taste is something connected to the tongue and the pallet.
- 7.3. Mouth- the munching machine.
- 7.3.1. Action of saliva on flour
- 7.3.2. Testing P^H of mouth at an intervals of one hour.

- 7.4. Travel of food through oesophagus.
- 7.4.1. Peristaltic movement in oesophagus.
- 7.5. Stomach the mixture and digester.
- 7.5.1. Travel of food from the stomach to the intestine.
- 7.5.2. Expulsion of wastes.

8. Heredity – From parent to progeny

- 8.1. New characters and variations.
- 8.2. Examples of experiments performed by Mendel.
- 8.2.1. Self pollination in F_1 generation.
- 8.2.2. Phenotype.
- 8.2.3. Genotype.
- 8.3. Parent to progeny.
- 8.3.1. How do traits get expressed?
- 8.3.2. Sex determination in human beings.
- 8.4. Evolution.
- 8.4.1. Variations in beetle population.
- 8.5. Acquired and inherited characters and evolution.
- 8.5.1. Lamarckism.
- 8.5.2. Darwinism.
- 8.5.3. Darwin theory of evolution in a nut shell.
- 8.6. Speciation.
- 8.6.1. How new species are evolved?
- 8.7. Evidences of evolution.
- 8.7.1. Homologous and analogous organs.
- 8.7.2. Evidences from embryology.
- 8.7.3. Evidences from fossils.
- 8.8. Human evolution.
- 8.8.1. Human being a moving museum.

9. Environment – Our concern

- 9.1. Ecological pyramids.
- 9.1.1. Pyramid of numbers.

- 9.1.2. Pyramid of bio mass.
- 9.1.3. Pyramid of energy.
- 9.2. Effects of human activities.
- 9.2.1. Story of Kolleru.
- 9.2.2. Edulabad water reservoir (effects of heavy metals).
- 9.2.3. Sparrow campaign.
- 9.3. Steps towards prevention.
 - rotation of crops.
 - studying life histories of pests.
 - biological control.
 - sterility.
 - genetic strains.
 - environmental ethics

10. Natural Resources

- 10.1. Case study area under irrigation (past and present).
- 10.2. Case study water management.
 - community based interventions.
 - farmer based interventions.
 - waste land development and plantation.
- 10.3. Source of irrigation water in the State.
- 10.4. Natural resources around us.
- 10.5. Forest an important renewable resource.
- 10.5.1. Soil
- 10.5.2. Biodiversity.
- 10.6. Fossil fuels.
- 10.6.1. Minerals.
- 10.7. Conservation a vital concern.
 - reduce, reuse, recycle.
- 10.7.1. Conservation of groups.